#### Progress of the LGBTI movement in Asia

亞洲地區 LGBTI 平權運動新進展



### Taiwan: Asia's leader

Democracy is the recipe for LGBT rights



# "When it comes to gay rights in Asia, Taiwan is an inspiration for much of Asia."

-NY Times, 29 Oct 2014

Taiwan in 2020?

#### Transnational Same-Sex Marriage Rights

跨國同婚(全球目前通過同性婚姻的國家,只有台灣有此限制)



#### Transgender gender marker rights without surgery

台灣性別變更仍維持「強制手術」要件

#### Promote LGBT representation in politics

推動同志參政 (培訓營)

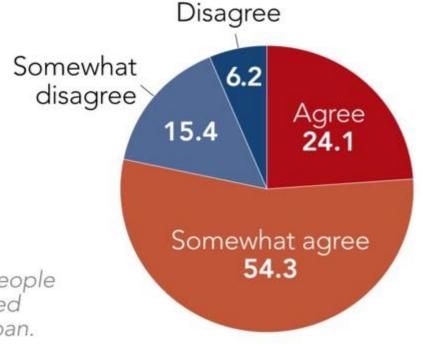


## Japan (日本)



## Japan

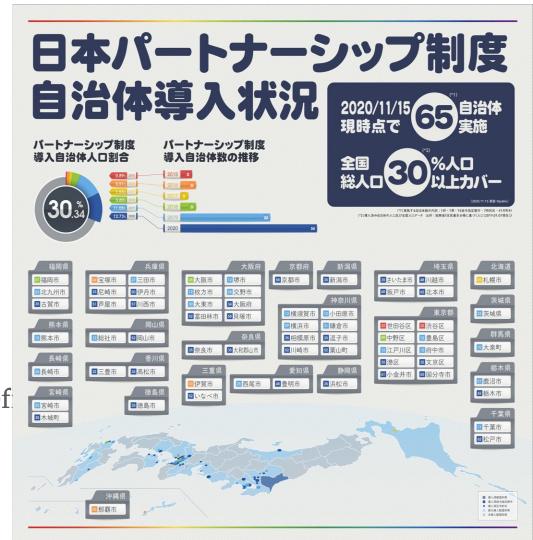
## What do you think about legalizing gay marriage? (in percent)



Internet survey of 60,000 people in their 20s to 50s conducted in October 2018 across Japan. Source: Dentsu

- -Japan's localized partnership

  system (building blocks for potential
  same-sex marriage in future)
- -Nov 2020: 65 local districts
- -30% of population covered
- -No legal binding but some benef(ex. hospital visitation rights and housing)



#### **Equal rights bill before Tokyo Olympics?**



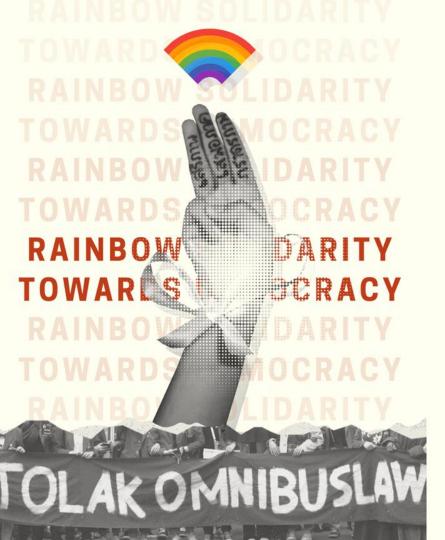
## Thailand (泰國)

- -Myth of a 'Gay Paradise'
- -Socially tolerant but legally invisible
- -Military-dominated politics
- -Civil partnership bill discussions (since 2012)
- -Gender change on ID not possible
- -Democracy + LGBT rights connection



### 'Drag Queens for Democracy'





## RAINBOW SOLIDARITY



DEMOCRACY

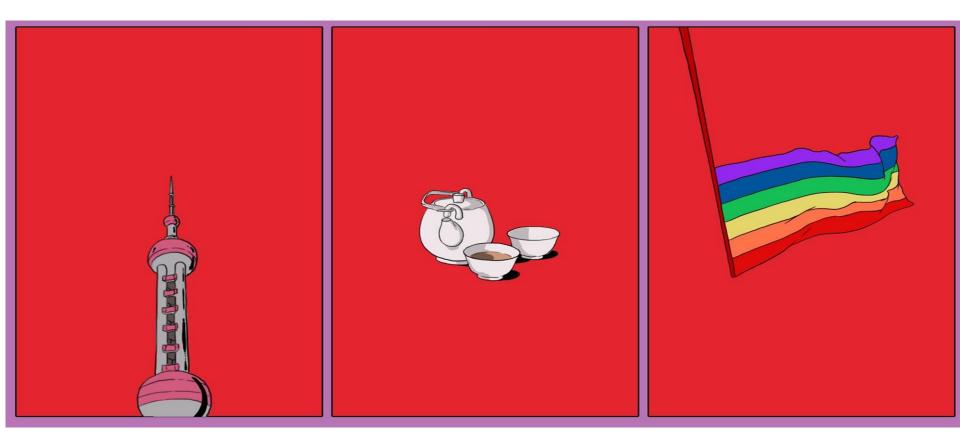
## China (中國)



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- -China decriminalized homosexuality in 1997, declassified as mental illness in 2001
- Basic approach: 不支持, 不反對, 不傳播
- -Increased repression against all 'rights' promotion and civil society space after Xi Jinping (2013-)
- -April 2018: 'Weibo' ban on LGBT content (reversed after backlash)
- -Media censorship

#### August 2020: Shanghai Pride (上海驕傲節) cancelled



## Indonesia (印尼)



#### Raids: "Obscene Acts & Anti-Pornography" Laws



## Power of pro-rights and pro-democracy solidarity across Asia

